CHAPTER 213

INVESTMENT OF FUNDS BY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES AND ASSOCIATIONS

S. F. 392

AN ACT to repeal section eighty-seven hundred thirty-seven (8737), code, 1935, and enact a substitute therefor relating to investments of funds by life insurance companies and associations.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. That section eighty-seven hundred thirty-seven (8737), code, 1935, is hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:

Investment of funds. The funds required by law to be deposited with the commissioner of insurance by any company or association contemplated in chapters 398 and 400, and the funds or accumulations of any such company or association organized under the laws of this state, held in trust for the purpose of fulfilling any contract in its policies or certificates, shall be invested in the following described securities and no other:

1. Federal and Territorial Obligations. Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by the United States or any insular or territorial possession of the United States, Federal farm loan bonds, Federal home loan bank bonds, Home Owners' Loan Corporation bonds, bonds, notes or obligations representing loans and advances of credit which are eligible for insurance by the Federal Housing Administrator, and bonds, notes or obligations secured by real property or leasehold which the Federal Housing Administrator has insured or has committed himself to insure or debentures issued by such administrator.

2. State and municipal obligations. Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by the state of Iowa or any other state, or any county, city, town, school, road, drainage, or other district, or any civil subdivision or governmental authority of such state or states, or any instrumentality of any of such authorized by statute to borrow money and issue securities, provided that the obligations are:

ngations are:

 a. General or full faith and credit obligations of the issuing or guaranteeing unit, or

b. Payable from assessments levied for improvement purposes

and secured by a lien upon real estate, or

- c. Payable from especially designated revenues which are specifically pledged to the payment of principal and interest on such obligations.
- 3. Canadian governmental and municipal obligations. Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by the Dominion of Canada, or any province thereof, or any municipality or district therein with a population in excess of 10,000 according to the last dominion or provincial census taken prior to the date of such investment, which are general or full faith and credit obligations of the issuing or guaranteeing unit.
- 4. Public utility obligations. Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness bearing a fixed rate of interest, issued or guaranteed by any

corporation incorporated under the laws of the United States or this or any other state or the dominion of Canada, or any province thereof, provided the corporation has been in operation for at least five years, or its predecessor or principal subsidiary has been in operation for at least five years, and is engaged directly or primarily in the sale of electricity, gas, water, or furnishing telephone service, provided that the gross revenues of such corporation shall have been at least \$250,000 for each of the three fiscal years next preceding the date of purchase, and average net annual earnings for the five years next preceding purchase shall have been equal to at least twice the annual interest requirements on the issue from which purchase is made, and on all other funded debt outstanding at the time of purchase, less the requirements on any funded debt for the retirement of which funds have been provided. (Net earnings in this subsection shall be considered to be the sum of (1) net operating income after the deduction of all operating expenses, maintenance charges, and taxes (except federal income taxes) but before the deduction of the allowance for depreciation, and (2) such other corporate income as is available to pay fixed charges.)

5. Railroad obligations. a. Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness bearing a fixed rate of interest issued or guaranteed by any railroad or railway corporation, having substantially all of its trackage in the United States or Canada, and directly or primarily engaged in furnishing transportation service, or obligations for the payment of which such railroad or railway corporation is obligated under the terms of a lease made or assumed, not including street railways, provided

(1) The corporation shall have had income available for fixed charges during four of the five fiscal years next preceding the date of investment equal to at least $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the total annual fixed charges to which the company is subject at the time of investment, less the fixed charges on any indebtedness for which payment has been provided, or

(2) Such bonds or other evidences of indebtedness are secured by a lien on mileage which, from reports satisfactory to the commissioner of insurance, is shown to have supplied income available for fixed charges during four out of the five fiscal years next preceding the date of investment, equal to at least two times the total of (1) all fixed charges on such bonds outstanding at the date of purchase, and (2) all charges against such mileage having an equal or prior lien, less the charges on any indebtedness for which payment has been provided.

The amount of income available for fixed charges for the purposes of this subsection shall be the amount obtained by deducting from gross income all items deductible in ascertaining net income other than contingent income interest and items constituting fixed charges. Fixed charges shall be: Rent for leased roads, fixed interest on funded debt, interest on unfunded debt and amortization of discount on funded debt. Accounting terms used in this paragraph shall be deemed to refer to those used in the accounting reports prescribed by the accounting regulations for common carriers subject to the provisions of the interstate commerce act. If the interstate commerce commission shall prescribe accounting regulations wherein

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- shall be defined the term "income available for fixed charges" and the term "fixed charges", the definitions thereof, as so prescribed, shall be taken and used in lieu of the definitions set forth in this paragraph.
 - b. Equipment trust obligations, issued in connection with the purchase of new standard gauge equipment of a type in general use on most railroads in an amount not to exceed 80 per cent of the cost of such equipment, which mature in substantially equal amounts not later than 15 years from date of issue and which provide:
 - (1) For vesting of title free from incumbrance in a corporate crustee, or
 - (2) For creation of a first lien on such equipment.
 - (3) And further provided that the owner, purchaser, or lessee of such equipment be not in default upon any indebtedness which is a fixed charge, and shall be obligated either to pay the principal and interest on such certificates as they mature, or make payments to the trustee which will be sufficient to pay such principal and interest at maturity.
 - 6. Other fixed obligations. Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness bearing a fixed rate of interest issued or guaranteed by any corporation incorporated under the laws of the United States or any state thereof, or the dominion of Canada or any province thereof, in addition to those included in subsections 4 and 5, provided such corporation has had net earnings during each of the five fiscal years, next preceding the date of investment, equal to at least twice the fixed charges to which the company is subject at the date of investment, less the charges on any indebtedness for which payment has been provided. (Net earnings in this subsection shall be gross earnings less all operating expenses, maintenance charges, taxes (except federal income taxes), and allowance for depreciation, obsolescence and depletion.)
 - 7. Securities included under subsections 4, 5 and 6 shall not be eligible for deposit if the issuing, guaranteeing or assuming corporation shall have been in default on fixed obligations for a period of more than ninety days during the five years next preceding investment, nor shall the investments of any company or association in such securities be eligible for deposit in excess of the following percentage of the reserve of such company or association:
 - a. 2% of the reserve in the securities of any one corporation.
 - b. 20% of the reserve in the securities described in subsection 4.
 - c. 20% of the reserve in the securities described in subsection 5.
 - d. 10% of the reserve in securities described in subsection 6. No securities except fixed interest mortgage bonds shall be eligible if the issuing, guaranteeing or assuming corporation has total assets

of less than \$10,000,000 at the date of investment. Securities of corporations with substantially all their assets invested in the securities of other corporations shall not be eligible.

In determining whether the requirements of subsections 4, 5 and 6 have been complied with, the earnings of all merged, consolidated or purchased companies shall be considered.

8. Real estate bonds and mortgages. Entire issues of bonds or notes secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust which are a first lien upon real estate within this state or any other state in the United States, provided that the total indebtedness secured by such lien shall

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not exceed 60% of the value of the property upon which it is a lien, provided, however, that such 60% limitation shall not apply to bonds and notes described in subsection 1 hereof.

Improvements shall not be considered in estimating the value of the property unless the owner shall contract to keep the same adequately insured in some reliable fire insurance company or companies, association or associations, authorized to do business in the state, during the life of the loan, the insurance to be made payable in case of loss to the mortgagee, trustee, or assigns as its interests may appear at the time of the loss.

Provided further that for the purposes of this subsection a first mortgage or deed of trust shall not be deemed to be other than a first lien upon property within the meaning of this subsection by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that are not delinquent, instruments creating or reserving mineral, oil or timber rights, rights of way, joint driveways, sewer rights, rights in walls, nor by reason of building restrictions or other like restrictive covenants, nor when such real estate is subject to lease in whole or in part whereby rents or profits are reserved to the owner.

9. Real estate. Any such real estate in this state as is necessary for its accommodation as a home office; and in the erection of any buildings for such purposes, it may add thereto rooms for rent. Before the company or association shall invest any of its funds in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph it shall first obtain the consent of the executive council.

10. Policy loans. Loans upon the security of its own policies and constituting a lien thereon in an amount not exceeding the reserve thereon.

11. Collateral loans. Loans secured by collateral security consisting of any securities enumerated in this section, provided there is a margin of ten per cent between the amount of the loan and the value of the securities.

Provided further that subsection 7 shall apply to the collateral securities pledged to the payment of loans authorized in this subsection.

12. Substitution of certificates of sale and satisfactory evidences of ownership of real estate. Companies or associations may substitute for securities deposited, certificates of sale owned by them and obtained by foreclosure of liens on real estate, but such certificates shall be accepted for deposit for an amount not in excess of the amount of the original securities and shall be withdrawn at the end of the period of redemption or within thirty days if redemption is made.

Companies or associations may also substitute for securities dedeposited evidences of ownership satisfactory to the commissioner of insurance of any real estate acquired in settlement of such securities; but such evidences of ownership shall be accepted for deposit for an amount not in excess of the amount of the original securities and shall be withdrawn within thirty days of termination of ownership, (and in any event must be withdrawn within ten years from date of deposit.)

The total amount for which certificates of sale and evidences of ownership may be deposited shall not exceed at any one time thirty 202 per cent of the amount required by law to be deposited with the insur-203 ance department.

13. Substitution of contracts of sale and purchase money mortgages or purchase money deeds of trust. Companies or associations may substitute for securities deposited contracts of sale, purchase money mortgages or purchase money deeds of trust obtained through foreclosure, settlement or satisfaction of other securities but only for an amount approved by the commissioner of insurance.

Senate File 392. Approved April 2, 1937.

CHAPTER 214

MUTUAL INSURANCE

H. F. 501

AN ACT to amend section eight thousand nine hundred six (8906) of the code, 1935, to provide additional financial requirements to be complied with by mutual insurance companies prior to the issuance of a certificate of authority.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Section eight thousand nine hundred six (8906) code, 1935, is amended by adding as an additional paragraph to be numbered

3 paragraph five (5), the following:

"5. It shall have in cash or in securities in which insurance companies are authorized to invest, surplus in an amount of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00); provided that the commissioner of insurance, if in his judgment it appears necessary, may require surplus in excess of said amount, but not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00). The surplus so required may be advanced in accordance with the provisions of section eight thousand nine hundred twelve (8912), code, 1935.

dred twelve (8912), code, 1935.
Provided, however, that such surplus requirements shall not apply to a company which establishes and maintains a guaranty fund as provided by section eight thousand nine hundred twelve-f one (8912-f1), Code, 1935."

- SEC. 2. None of the provisions of this act shall apply to any company heretofore organized and approved by the commissioner of insurance, but which had not completed its organization at the time of the taking effect of this act, nor shall this act apply to any company already licensed to issue policies.
- SEC. 3. That all acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.
- SEC. 4. This act being deemed of immediate importance shall be in full force and effect after its passage and publication in "The Evening Sentinel," a newspaper published at Shenandoah, Iowa, and in "The Afton Star Enterprise," a newspaper published at Afton, Iowa.

House File 501. Approved May 1, 1937.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Afton Star Enterprise, May 27, 1937, and the Evening Sentinel, Shenandoah, May 26, 1937.

ROBERT E. O'BRIAN, Secretary of State.